











SPRING TERM CURRICULUM PLAN

YEAR GROUP 1

OUR WHOLE-SCHOOL VISION FOR EVERY MOORHILL CHILD	When our children leave Moorhill, they will be motivated and inspired learners who are articulate, literate, and numerate. They will know that by working hard and working together they can achieve greater success; they will have high aspirations, lifelong skills for learning and will successfully demonstrate our core values in all areas of our lives.		
	Our curriculum is cohesive across the local and wider community and across subjects and topics, providing challenge	Our curriculum is creative , developing memorable experiences so that children are enthused by their learning,	Our curriculum is collaborative. Children build emotional resilience and develop their articulacy and

THE VISION OF THE CURRICULUM AT MOORHILL PRIMARY SCHOOL Our curriculum is **cohesive** across the local and wider community and across subject and topics, providing challeng and celebrating our individuality as a school and community. In developing cohesion, there is clear, planned, and well-sequenced learning so that new knowledge and skills build on what has been taught before.

Our curriculum is **creative**, developing memorable experiences so that children are enthused by their learning, which creates awe and wonder. Children explore and develop our school values through active learning experiences. They develop lifelong skills for learning and gain cultural capital within and outside of our community.

Our curriculum is collaborative. Children build emotional resilience and develop their articulacy and self-confidence. Through a clear sense of motivation and purpose, children take ownership of their learning, and this is shared by our whole school community. Every member of the school community has high expectations of themselves and others and recognise that everyone can achieve success.

Experiences and the wider us of the environment for this term.

SCIENCE			
Skills as a Scientist	Vocabulary		
I can observe closely, using simple	Seasonal Change	Seasonal Change	
equipment (incidental teaching with	Observe changes across the four seasons.	Weather (sunny, rainy,	
children's clothing for break times,	1. Know the four seasons by looking at the changes	windy, snowy etc.)	
Plants and hygiene topic).	with trees, clothes and activities. What clothing	Seasons (winter,	
	changes are needed for each season? How do	summer, spring,	
I can perform simple tests. (which	the plants change throughout the seasons?	autumn), Sun, sunrise,	
material would be best for a	2. Classifying cut out objects/equipment to show	sunset, Day length	
window?, when washing hands)	their understanding.		
	3. Observe changes across the four seasons		
I can identify and classify (plant	through incidental teaching across the year and		
hunt activity, animal	included in maths meetings.		
characteristics, animals diet	Observe and describe weather associated with the		
activity)	seasons and how day length varies. Use table		
	information about the amount of hours in seasons		
I can ask simple questions and	and days then to create pictogram from this		
recognise that they can be	information.		
answered in different ways	Scientist: Rebecca Wood (Midlands Today weather		
•	presenter, show the children video clips of her		
I can use my observations and ideas	presenting the weather. Can the children have a go at		
to suggest answers to questions	their own weather reports to be videoed?). Email her		
33	for advice on how to present the weather.		
I can gather and record data (using			
a table format) to help me answer			
questions.			

HISTORY				
Skills as an historian	Vocabulary			
Chronological understanding	Queen Elizabeth II			
Cause and consequence	Royal tree from Queen Elizabeth II to now.			
Sources and evidence	Life as a child			
Similarity and difference	Living through WW"			
Historical interpretations The Blitz				
	Coronation and comparison to King Charles III			
Chronological understanding Stories about the past				
Cause and consequence People: who are they?				
Sources and evidence What did they do?				
Historical interpretations Where did it happen?				
	What did they change?			

GEOGRAPHY				
Skills as a geographer	Substantive knowledge	Vocabulary		
Collecting and interpreting	Birmingham – as a case study			
Analysing and communicating	What is a city?			
	Physical and human features			
	Land use – open spaces, urban space			
	Houses			
Contrasting with Lichfield / Stoke				
The make up of the UK				

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION				
Skills as a theologist	Vocabulary			
Christianity	I can talk remember a story about Jesus	Friendship		
	showing friendship and talk about it. From	Jesus		
I can talk about my friends	each story extract the theme of friendship.	Zacchaeus		
and why I like them.		Mary		
		Martha		

	Story of Zacchaeus (Luke 19:1-9): Jesus	Lazarus
	showing friendship to someone who was isolated and unpopular.	
	Stilling the Storm (Luke 8: 22-25) Jesus taking care of His friends during a dangerous time.	
	Mary, Martha and Lazarus (Luke 10: 38-41) Jesus spending time with His friends at their home.	
	I can say that Jesus tried to be a good friend and was nice to people. Children should link their opinions to the bible stories	
	they have studied above.	
Christianity	I can recall parts of the Easter Story,	Christians
	focusing on Palm Sunday. Children should be	Easter
I can talk about a person I	aware that many of these traditions still	Palm Sunday
admire and reflect on why,	occur today, such as Christians still waving	Palm cross
for example, a parent or	Palm leaves when they are on Easter	Palm leaves
member of the royal family.	Pilgrimage to Jerusalem.	Jerusalem Son of God
	I can recognise some symbols in the Easter	
	Story, for example, the palm cross. Children	
	should also learn the Palm Sunday hymn,	
	Sing Hosanna.	
	I can show understanding that Jesus is special to Christians and say why.	
<u>l</u>	special to chi istialis and say wity.	

DESIGN TECHNOLOGY				
Skills as a design and technologist	Substantive knowledge	Vocabulary		
Explore	Explore	Needle		
 I can think of ideas and 	- I know what a puppet is, what forms they	Wool		
recognise	take and how they work.	Decorating		
characteristics of	 I know which are the best ways to 	Textiles		
familiar products	combine fabric.	Thread		
(puppets).	Design	Stitch		

- I can practice joining materials using running stitch.
- I can explore how to join fabric.

<u>Design</u>

- I can use pictures and words to describe what I want to do.
- I can label my drawing
- I can use a template to create a design.

<u>Make</u>

- I can use a number of techniques to enhance my design (adding sequins, buttons, wool).
- I can use a thread and needle to join materials.
- I can add detail to my puppet by joining materials with glue.
- I can select appropriate tools to join materials using running stitch, with support.

Evaluate

- I can talk about my own and other people's work in simple terms.
- I can describe how a product works.

- I know what I am making and which tools I am using.
- I know what tools and equipment are used when sewing (a thread, needle and fabric).

<u>Make</u>

- I know what running stitch is and how to do it.
- I know how to use a needle safely.
- I know I need to look at my design to help make my puppet.
- I know how to add detail to my puppet

Evaluate

- I know what I like about my product.
- I know what I would change.
- I know what I like about another person's puppet.
- I know what skills I used to make the puppet.

Marionette Rod Hand Shadow

ART			
Skills as an Artist	Substantive knowledge	Vocabulary	
Drawing	Drawing	Green	
Use lines to represent objects	Know what life drawing is - (leaf)	Shades	
seen - observe and identify lines	-	Tones	
on a leaf; observational drawing		Observation(al)	
using thick and fine lines.	Painting	Real life	
Handle, touch and give words to	Give opinions about a shared piece of artwork, as	Line	
•	well as my own.	Light(er)	
describe, shape, size, textures	I can talk about the techniques used to create a	Dark(er)	
(jagged, smooth, wavy,rough,	piece of art.		

straight, curved, round, circular, oval, points, corners).

Use a viewfinder to focus on the different parts of the leaf and isolate.

Produce a drawing of a leaf by drawing parts using the view finder and then the whole leaf.

Evaluate using vocab to talk about what they have produced and how they created the leaf.

Painting

Use different tones Add white to a colour to make it lighter; add black to make it darker.

<u>Textiles (see D.T. planning)</u>
Join materials using glue and/or a stitch (to make a puppet).

Know how to change the colour tone/shade by adding small amounts of white or black paint.

<u>Artist</u>

Know that Marianne North is an artist who has used line in observational drawings/paintings.



COMPUTING				
Skills as a Computer scientist	Substantive knowledge	Vocabulary		
Online Safety	Online Safety	Online Safety		
 Online relationships Give examples of when I should give permission to do something online and explain why this is important. Use the internet with adult support to 	Online relationships Now why it is important to be considerate and kind to others online. Programming Now what the word algorithm means.	Online relationships Permission Communicate Icon Video, keyboard, voice message, camera Considerate Offline, online		

communicate	with	peopl	e
T know			

- Explain why it is important to be considerate and kind to others online.
- Explain why things that some find funny or sad online, might not be the same way for others.

Programming

- Create step-by-step instructions using pictures;
- Write and follow detailed step-by-step instructions;
- Direct a Bee-Bot to an object or destination;
- Program a Bee-Bot, one instruction at a time, using the arrow buttons.
- Say what an algorithm is
- Check for mistakes (debug)

 Know that by pressing the buttons on the beebot an action will take place.

Know that the symbols on the beebot are instructional language and make the link.

Programming

Forwards, backwards, left, right, algorithm. Online, permission.

Belonging to a about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules outside. community Our school rules Ready, Respectful, Safe - what do they look like? What rules are; that different people have different needs caring for others' how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways needs; looking after how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling, caring for our school environment the environment e.g. weeding, tidying outdoor areas, bird feeders, cress heads. PoS Refs: L1, L2, L3 Media literacy and how and why people use the internet Digital resilience the rules for keeping safe online: permission to go online; not sharing personal information; telling someone if something seen is frightening or makes them uncomfortable and how the Using the internet adult can help and digital devices;

the benefits of using the internet and digital devices

how people find things out and communicate safely with others online

PSHE

communicating	what to do if we see something we don't like online and know who to ask for help
online	how it is important to be considerate to others online
PoS Refs: L7, L8	
Money and Work	that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school.
Strengths and	about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs
interests; jobs in	about people whose job it is to help us in the community
the community	About different jobs and the work people do
PoS Refs: L14, L16, L17	

	MUSIC			
Skills as a Musician		Substantive knowledge		Vocabulary
Performing	<u>9</u>	Performing	1	Pulse
•	Explore making different sounds with the voice and	•	Recognise visual signs for start, stop, mime	Rhythm
	percussion instruments.		actions, sing in your head.	Pitch
·	Sing using call and response to I hear	•	Know and sing: I Can	Dynamics
•	Thunder. Begin to sing in tune using melodies that move mainly		Sing a Rainbow', I Hear Thunder, Seasons Song Know that sign	Conductor
	by step and include small intervals.		language can be used to communicate.	Composition
•	Start and stop at the appropriate time.	•	Know British Sign Language to I Can Sing	Verse
•	Follow a leader when		a Rainbow.	Chorus
	Performing as a group.	•	Know that instruments can be played to make loud and soft sounds.	
Composing	L .	Composing		
	Say words/rhymes and clap/play to create simple rhythmic patterns linked to the weather. Add sound effects picture	•	Know that in simple graphic notation – one sign represents a sound or group of sounds (pictorial notation)	
	of a storm to create a mood.	Aural awar	reness	
•	Respond to music through movement using BSL.	•	Know that tempo can be fast or slow	
<u>Aural awareness</u>		•	Know that pitch can be high or low	
•	Copy back simple rhythmic patterns and melodies.			

•	Recognise duration as	
	being long or short.	
•	Feel if the tempo is fast	
	or slow by responding to	
	the pulse.	
•	Recognise differences in	
	dynamics as loud or soft.	
<u>Evaluating</u>		
•	Comment on own	
	performances and	
	compositions.	
•	Describe music and sounds	
	in simple terms.	
•	Talk about how the music	
	makes them feel and why.	
	•	

	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	
Skills as an Athlete	Substantive knowledge	Vocabulary
Teamwork - I can take turns I can listen when someone else if giving their idea I can follow instructions based on a job role. Fitness	 I can roll a ball using my hands. I can begin to roll to a partner accurately. I can use my feet to roll a ball. I can continue to develop my accuracy. I can use equipment to make a ball 	- Roll - Travel - Kick - Push - Control
-I can do 60 minutes of active exercise in a day. Health and Safety - I can say what safe means to meI can begin to identify actions/areas that may be unsafe I can begin to set up equipment and apparatus	travel (roll) I know how to hold and use the equipment. I can roll a ball over a distance I can use the correct amount of force to do this. I can work on an area that I have	
Safely. Competition - I can compete against my peers I can win and lose without becoming upset I can be pleased for the winner.	found challenging. I know the 5 basic shapes of gymnastics (Straddle, straight, tuck, pike, star) I can perform the 5 basic shapes when requested.	- Travel (tiptoe, step, jump, hop, hopscotch, skipping, galloping, bunny hop)

Leadership I can begin to hold the shape for 3 Shape - I can lead a partner. seconds. Jumps (straight, tuck, I can begin to change the level of the jumping jack, half turn, Healthy Lifestyle shape (standing, sitting, lying) cat spring) - I can identify the changes I can feel when I I can begin to change the level of the exercise (heart rate, breathing, sweating) Balance (standing shape (standing, sitting, lying) - I can begin to understand why I need to balances, kneeling I can begin to use different parts of exercise. balances,) - I can take part in a warm-up and cool down. my body to balance upon. Body parts I can begin to work on my travel. Sequence I can walk using pointed toes and - I can make a positive comment on another's fingers. performance. Roll (log roll, curled side roll, - I can explain how I did something. teddy roll) I can begin to perfect my movements. I know how to perform each movement to the best of my ability. I can travel safely and with some I can begin to put my movements in a sequence. I can travel safely e.g. on feet, all fours, slide, roll (pencil, log without finesse). I know how to keep myself and others safe when travelling. I can rehearse and perform my sequence to a partner. I can give feedback to my partner. I can work on my sequence based on my partners feedback. I can watch my performance back and selfassess. I can intercept a pass made to a Intercept partner. Path I can begin to apply my defending Defend skills in a game like situation. Pass Football Control I can use my hands to intercept a ball. I know how to step/stand/use my hands to intercept a ball. I can put my skills into a game situation. I can intercept using my hands. I can work on an area that I have found challenging. I know how to use my hands and feet to stop a I can jump from stationary. Jumps (straight, tuck, I know how to land safely. jumping jack, half turn, cat spring) I can verbally explain the Balance (standing fundamentals of jumping (knees bent, balances, kneeling swinging arms, feet together, eyes balances,) forward) Travel (tiptoe, step, jump, hop, I can begin to introduce a table to my hopscotch, skipping, galloping, jump. bunny hop) I can begin to put my movements in a sequence. I can travel safely e.g. on feet, all fours, slide, roll (pencil, log without finesse). I can perform a balance and a jump

during my sequence.

- I can begin to hold the shape for 3
seconds.
- I can begin to change the level of the
shape (standing, sitting, lying)
- I can travel safely using finesse.
- I can perform a balance during my
travel sequence.
- I can set up a small apparatus set in a
group.
- I can link 1 table and 2 linking pieces.
- I can give feedback to my partner.
- I can work on my sequence based on
my partners feedback
- I can set up a small apparatus set in a
group.